











What parents need to know about

NUMBERS OF GROOMING **OFFENCES ARE SOARING**

In April 2017, a new government law came into force in England and Wales to allow police to charge adults who send sexual messages to children through mobile phones and social media. In the first year since the law change, there were 3,000 police-recorded offences of sexual unication with a child - a figure 50 per cent higher than experts expected in the first year.

ALL CHILDREN ARE AT RISK

According to a 2018 NSPCC report, a quarter of young people have experienced an adult who they don't know in real life trying to contact them online. One in four said they had been sent messages, images, videos or uncomfortable. One in 10 girls and one in 20 boys under the age of 13 said they had received unwanted sexual

CHILDREN ARE **VULNERABLE TARGETS**

rs use psychological tricks and methods to try and isolate children from their families and friends and will often choose to target more vulnerable children who may be easier to manipulate. In order to seek potential victims predators are likely to use apps and websites that are popular with children and young people. Groomers can use a 'scattergun' approach to find victims, contacting hundreds online to increase their chance of success.

LIVE STREAMING CONCERNS redators may use live video to target children i real-time using tricks, dares or built-in gifts to manipulate them. Growning often takes the form of a game where children receive Tikes' or even ey for performing sexual acts. Social media chan such as YouTube, Facebook, Instagram and Snapchat, all have live streaming capabilities, but there are many apps which children can use to live stream, including Omegle, Live.me, BIGO Live, YouNow and many more.

GROOMING CAN HAPPEN RAPIDLY

ming is generally a slow, methodical and into process of manipulating a person to a point where they an be victimised. However, according to researchers at the University of Swansea, online grooming can also be very rapid, with analysis of chat logs revealing that it can take just 18 minutes for some predators to arrange to meet their victim. The fastest predators used sophisticated. persuasive, language based strategies to rapidly build trust, including the use of small talk and praise which quickly escalated into requests for sexual messages.

ANYONE CAN GROOM YOUR CHILD

flany people expect groomers to be adults posing a children, but this is not always the case. Data from University of Swansea reveals that groomers' use of identity deception (around age, location and appearance) rly low. This can be because they approach ma children, limiting their ability to lie. The worry is that mesty can be more damaging to the victim since they are more likely to feel as if they are in a real relationshi



ps For Parents



IT'S GOOD TO TALK

It's unlikely that you can stop your child using the Internet, or can you constantly iter their online rities, but you can talk to your child on a regular basis at what they do online. By g openly with them



appropriate or inappropriate. Ask them whether they have any online friends or if they play online games with people they haven't met. This could then open up conversations about the subject of grooming.

CHECK PRIVACY SETTINGS

In order to give your child a safer online ga experience, it is important to check privacy settings or ntal controls on the networks, devices, apps, and ebsites they may use. If you use location-sharing apps to check where your child is, remember that these could rys be used by strangers to follow your child without their knowledge. Ensure that you check options so that on information is never shared with anyone except those they have permission to share with.

DISCUSS SAFE ONLINE BEHAVIOUR

Make it clear to your child that they should not accept friend requests from people they don't know and to verify friend requests with people who they do know. They should never ee to chat privately with a stranger or so don't really know. Remind them that they should never divulge personal information, such as mobile phone

DISCUSS HEALTHY RELATIONSHIPS

Talk to your child about what a healthy relationship looks like and how to detect someone who might not be who they claim to be. Explain that groomers will pay your child fiments and engage in conversations about personal mation, such as hobbies and relationships. They may admire how well they play an online game or how they look in a photo. Groomers will also try and isolate a child from people close to them, such as parents and friends, in order to

BE SUPPORTIVE

Show your child that you will support them and make sure they understand they can come to you with any concerns they may have. They need to know they can talk to you if e does something they are uncomfortable ther that is inappropriate comments, images, req or sexual comments.

LOOK OUT FOR WARNING SIGNS

Child safety experts have identified key gro and advise parents to look out for

- Secretive behaviour about A lack of interest in what they are doing online.
- Internet or smartphone usage late at night.
- ng to unusual places to meet up with friends you have not heard of.
- They are clingy, have
- extra-curricular activ Having new items, such as dothes or phones, w
- they can't explain. anxious, depressed or



HOW TO REPORT

If you're womied that your child is being groomed online or sexually exploited, you can www.crop.police.uk/safety-centre. Reports are read by a Child Protection Advisor who will make contact by phone or email to wo you to make a plan to keep your child sale. If you think a child is in immediate danger, call the Police on 999 or NSPCC on 0808 800 5000